



SENATOR BORAH CONCLUDES

Great Peroration Delivered by Idaho's Young Senator Was a Most Brilliant Effort.

GOVERNOR'S WIDOW VACATES COURT ROOM

At Conclusion of Argument the Senator Was Congratulated by All Who Could Reach Him Including Attorney Darrow, Haywood's Attorney.--Haywood Said:

"I HAVE HEARD THE BEST IN THE COUNTRY BORAH BEATS ALL"

SOON THE MOST FAMOUS TRIAL OF THE NORTHWEST WILL BE OVER AND THE VERDICT WILL BE WATCHED FOR BY THE NATION—GREAT CROWDS GATHERED AT THE COURT HOUSE—MANY WERE STANDING ON THE LAWNS.

BOISE, July 26.—Evidence and argument is at an end and tomorrow morning the jury will be left to decide whether William D. Haywood participated in a conspiracy resulting in the assassination of former Governor Steunenberg as is charged by the state. Senator Borah spoke his last word tonight. Tomorrow Judge Wood will charge and instruct the jury which it is expected will retire to consider their verdict about 11 o'clock. The crowd seeking admission to the court room tonight broke all records in the murder trial in Idaho.

Two hundred people remained on the grounds when the doors were closed after the morning session had closed and before they opened again for the evening session all the approaches were blocked. When finally every inch of space in the court room was filled, several hundred stood on the lawn under the open windows, that they might catch sentences from the impassioned pleading of the young senator. Borah laid the foundation for his argument last night. This morning he began an analysis of the evidence but he confined himself to the murder of Steunenberg and the conspiracy. He linked Orchard to Haywood, Haywood to Simpkins, Simpkins to Moyer, and Moyer to Pettibone. Then selecting only the evidence of witnesses for the defense and leaving Orchard's confession out, he wove the lives and movements of the five men together. Without departing from the record and incidentally clearing up a number of situations left somewhat clouded, he brought these officers and members of the Western Federation together. Then he took Orchard away from Denver and back again to Denver, to the headquarters of the Western Federation. This was done carefully and almost monotonously.

Senator Borah began by reviewing briefly the points made in the opening hour of his address to the jury last night. He said he would go briefly over the trail of blood left by Harry Orchard, taking first the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg and going back over some of the most important incidents developed in the testimony.

"I hardly need to tell you sensible men," declared the pleader, "that Pinkerton detectives had nothing to do with the assassination of Frank Steunenberg. That is one of the most absurd of the many absurd things brought in to this case by the learned counsel for the defense."

Senator Borah said he was ready to admit that Haywood was shrewd, keen and possessed of brains. "Of course, he has brains," he exclaimed. "He had brains enough to start a defense of the Western Federation of Miners the minute he learned that Orchard, the hired

assassin, had fallen into a trap. "Did the Pinkertons send anybody to defend Orchard? Did the mine owners? No, it was the Western Federation of Miners."

Answering at great length the theory of the defense that attempts on the life of Fred Bradley at San Francisco were accidents and not the design of Orchard, Senator Borah pointed out that the latter moved directly from Denver to San Francisco. He traced the movements of Orchard in San Francisco and ridiculed the theory of a gas explosion.

"And," cried Senator Borah, "when Orchard gets ready to leave San Francisco, where does he go? Back to Denver. What for? To get his money. The deed was done, the pay was due." "Quiet before storm, then Borah's voice and manner changed. He sprang into action. His voice quivered and hand upraised, fingers outstretched he shouted:

"Watch these five men—Simpkins, Orchard, Haywood, Moyer, Pettibone—Steunenberg is to die in 30 days—watch them—we have got them together—they are moving to the scene."

Dramatic utterances and the tense figure of the pleader sent a thrill through the court room. For the space of ten seconds there was silence. Then relaxing Borah continued with his merciless logic. He brought Davis, Copley, Adams and Easterly, all officers or members of the Western Federation of Miners into touch with Orchard. Without a pause he drew picture after picture of the men, associating together at various points. From each place and fresh from every crime he brought Orchard back, "home to Denver," and then, smiling, leaned toward the jury to ask:

"Why? Why? Unless it was to find there the protection and pay of his employers." "All those things denounced or sneered at by counsel for the defense found a bold and brilliant paragraph of the defense in Borah's interludes and counsel for the defense were driven into a murmur of protest, now under the lash of pointed sarcasm and again when under the tirade of indignant reproach, culture, Christianity, law and order, home and country found a ready champion in the State of Idaho, its people and its chief executive, each in turn, were given a brilliant eulogy. Under it all, Haywood himself was perhaps the one man in the room who showed least emotion."

At times his face flushed and more than once he paled under the attack as Borah, reaching the climax of the conspiracy, pointed an accusing finger at the man who he said "Was the criminal force behind the Western Federation of Miners."

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LUMBERMEN WILL FIGHT PROPOSED ADVANCE

TACOMA, July 26.—Western Washington lumbermen have pledged \$100,000 to fight the proposed advance in railroad rates on lumber which is announced to go into effect October 1.

The decision to fight was arrived at during the meeting of the Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers' Association which begun here today.



Some big institutions will put a cheap man in a position of trust and then are astonished when he elopes with a bunch of money. Runyan, the New York bank teller who stole \$96,000, will receive the full limit of the law.—News Item.

NEW SUPERVISORS GONE TO THE JURY

Mayor Taylor Appoints New Board Yesterday. Trial of Lewis Glass for Bribery Ended.

TWO ARE OLD MEMBERS HENY MADE GREAT CLOSE

Members Are All Well Known in San Francisco—O. A. Tveitmo and J. I. O'Neil Were Members of Old Board—Were Not Involved in Graft Charges

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Mayor Taylor today appointed the new board of supervisors as follows: A. D. Adona, physician; Joseph A. Booth, editor; H. U. Brandenstein, attorney; Gustav Breuner, retired merchant; George H. Center, real estate dealer; A. Compe, Jr., attorney; M. I. Sullivan, attorney; Bernard Raymond, insurance man; Thomas Magee, real estate dealer; D. E. J. Molera, president Academy of Sciences; Lipman Sacks, merchant; C. W. Stafford, merchant; Charles A. Murdock, printer; D. D. Murphy, attorney; Henry Payot, merchant; Loring P. Bixford, architect; O. A. Tveitmo and J. I. O'Neil. The last two are members of the old board and are not involved in the charges of graft.

RACE ABANDONED.

Owing to Refusal to Furnish Troops to Guard the Course.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Refusal on the part of Governor Hughes to provide troops to police the course over which it had been planned for many months to run the automobile race for the Vanderbilt cup, has resulted in the abandonment of the race by the American Automobile Association, under whose auspices the event was to have been given.

The announcement that the race had been declared off came this morning in the way of cable advices received from Jefferson de Mont Thompson, chairman of the racing board of the association. The message was sent after a conference between Thompson and W. K. Vanderbilt Jr., the donor of the cup, and it has since been learned that the executive's refusal to furnish the necessary militia to guard the course is the reason for not holding the race this year.

The keenest disappointment is expressed among the members of the automobile fraternity, both in this and other states and on the other side of the water over the announcement. Thousands of dollars have been uselessly expended by manufacturers and private parties in building machines for the contest. On both sides of the Atlantic auto enthusiasts are downhearted as the greatest anticipations had been built around the event which would have been the most successful from all points of view ever run in this country. No reason has been assigned for Gov-

Judge Lawlor instructed jury that if prosecution did not prove defendant party to conspiracy and giving bribe verdict must be not guilty.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The case of Louis Glass, first vice-president and general manager of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company, charged with the crime of bribing Supervisor Boxton in the sum of \$5000 to vote against an ordinance granting the Home Telephone Company, a rival franchise in San Francisco, went to the jury this evening, after 14 days' actual trial and a day and a half of arguments by Assistant District Attorney Heny for the people and T. C. Coogan and D. M. Delmas for the defense. The reading of Judge Lawlor's charge to the jury consumed one hour. At its conclusion the court room was cleared, the jury given into the charge of two deputy sheriffs and by them conveyed in a tallyho to the Fairmont Hotel. The entire morning session from 10 o'clock until a few minutes past 12 was occupied by Delmas in his closing argument for the defense Heny, in the judgment of observers, exceeded his powerful effort in the closing argument in the Schmitz case. Judge Lawlor instructed the jury that it was not necessary that there be direct evidence of an expressed agreement of conspiracy. It is competent to prove that defendant was a party to a conspiracy by circumstantial as well as direct evidence. He said that the prosecution must prove the bribing of Boxton and the connection of defendant with giving the bribe, and if the prosecution fails to prove that connection the verdict must be "not guilty."

DERRICK AND DILLON IN FIGHT.

Game Forfeited in Ninth When Score Stood 5 to 5.

PORTLAND, July 26.—Portland 5, Los Angeles 5. The game was forfeited in the ninth inning when the score stood 5 to 5 by Umpire Derrick after a fist fight which occurred between him and Captain Dillon of Los Angeles at the conclusion of which Dillon was given one minute to leave the field and did not do so.

A NEW LOAN.

BUENOS AYRES, July 26.—A municipal loan of 40,000,000 pesos gold is about to be issued.

ernor Hughes' refusal to provide troops to police the course and he refuses to give any himself.

MORE OF THE LATE DISASTER

Published List of Survivors Not Absolutely Correct. Some Names do Not Appear.

STEAMER SAN PEDRO IS LYING AT EUREKA

According to Statement by Oiler on the Columbia the Boilers Did Not Explode.—Three Men Stayed Below and Drowned While They Opened Valves of Boilers.

SEVERAL STATEMENTS MADE BY SURVIVORS OF COLUMBIA

DURING INVESTIGATION YESTERDAY CAPTAIN HANSEN OF THE SAN PEDRO DENIED THE TRUTH OF THE STATEMENT OF THIRD OFFICER HAWSE THAT HE HAD ACTED BRUTALLY IN REFUSING TO TAKE ON SURVIVORS FROM THE COLUMBIA.

Little additional news is being received regarding the loss of the Columbia other than statements of passengers and members of crews, which gradually are coming in.

The investigation now being held at San Francisco will no doubt fix the responsibility for the disaster and considerable interest is being taken in the result as it is expected that many facts will come out that have not yet appeared. The question of salvage on the San Pedro will cause some interest as on one hand it is claimed that the San Pedro was abandoned when the crew of that vessel left, her to go aboard the Elder. The captain of the San Pedro, however, denies that he had any thought of abandoning his vessel. The question as to whether the boilers exploded before the vessel sank has apparently been settled by the statement of one of the oilers wherein he states that three men lost their lives in taking precaution against the exploding of the boilers.

Developments show that the passenger list of the Columbia and the list of survivors is not absolutely correct.

Ira G. Lee, of Lincoln, Neb., one of the survivors, does not appear in either list. He arrived at the dock as the Columbia was about to sail from San Francisco, and took the reservation which Joseph Leroy, of Denver, Colo., had made and canceled. Lee's name was listed among the survivors as Leroy.

Mrs. A. Graham, of Cottage Grove, was a passenger on the Columbia. She had a reservation accredited to Mrs. Gray, through some mistake. Mrs. Gray is among the missing. Mr. Graham is now in Portland endeavoring to find some trace of his wife.

San Pedro At Eureka.

EUREKA, July 26.—The steamer San Pedro lies near the Holmes Eureka Lumber mill, southward of the Bendixen shipyards. She is completely waterlogged, her cutwater is badly battered, her mainmast broken in two, and her forward seams all open. In the bow on one side is lodged a piece of the Columbia's sheeting, two feet long and six inches wide also a number of smaller pieces.

The vessel is in control of men placed there by orders from C. P. Doe of the North Pacific Steamship Company. It would appear that the company claims the ship.

Captain Hansen of the San Pedro consulted with Mahan & Mahan, the attorneys for the Metropolitan Lumber Company, to which the San Pedro belonged, and it is probable that an attempt will be made to get possession of her.

General Manager Atkinson of the Metropolitan Company interviewed C.

P. Doe, and was told by the latter that he would look into the matter further. Attorneys Mahan & Mahan have taken sworn statements from Captain Hansen of the San Pedro and First Mate Hendricksen, and every effort will be made for a settlement.

Atkinson stated that in his opinion the Northern Pacific Steamship Company had no right to the San Pedro. He said that any reasonable claim for towing would be paid immediately upon its presentation to the Metropolitan Lumber Company.

After the Wreck

After the first horror of the Columbia wreck passed, survivors recalled numerous incidents throwing sidelights on human nature. Men who did not have on a stitch of clothing, nor even a life-preserver, ran around the Columbia before she sank, holding grimly to their eyeglasses.

All the passengers did not leave the Columbia penniless. A woman from Spokane, a school teacher, had her money in a belt around her waist. A Portland girl saved \$10 which she had sewed in a jacket she wore. There was a large fat man, who carried a fortune with him, and saved it. This man was in the water with a life-preserver, and seeing another man in a boat cried:

"I have \$10,000 in greenbacks around my waist, and if you will let me have your place in the boat I'll divide it with you." The man in the boat helped the fat man in and then got out himself. The fat man has not offered since to settle.

In one of the boats, when all in it were feeling blue, one of the women struck up a popular song. When she came to the chorus several joined in and song after song was sung until the water-soaked survivors were in cheerful spirits.

Even after they were safe on the San Pedro there were two men who stood by the rail and yelled with fear. They were not quieted for an hour. Another man collapsed by the rail and would have gone overboard but for another survivor picking him up and throwing him down a companion way.

More than one person went back after a watch, and the number of watches which were saved shows how dear the average person holds a timepiece. An Eastern woman passenger went back to her room and saved her watch, money and ticket. What made a young survivor most angry was seeing his expensive camera knocked out of his berth and smashed.

The ever-present kodak fiend was present and a passenger on the George W. Elder began snapping pictures as the steamer came up to the San Pedro. A

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A STRONG NAVAL CONVENTION EXISTS

PARIS, July 26.—Intransigent declares today that there exists a naval convention between France, Great Britain and Spain.

Under the terms of the agreement,

either country may, in case of war, make use of the ports of the other country. Such an agreement will attract keen attention of other nations.